Understanding Canadian Demography with Mathematics

Math Camp 2025

Theoretical Population Biology

The use of mathematics and statistics to understand "populations"

- People → demographer
- Genes → population geneticist
- Cancer cells → oncologist
- Diseases → epidemiologist
- Organisms → ecologist
- Species → macroevolutionary biologist

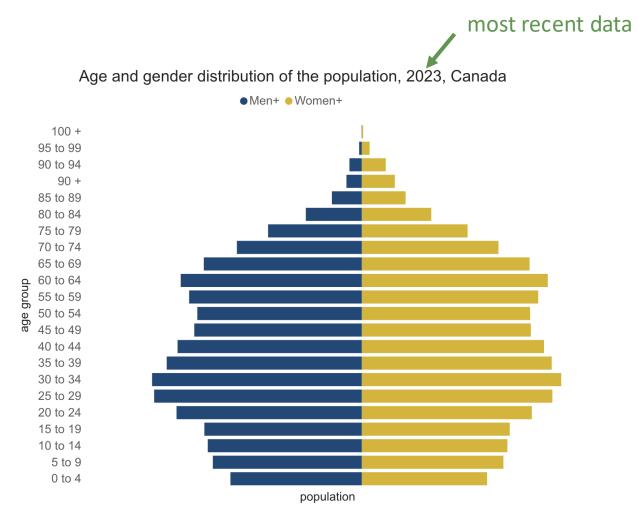
Demography:

The study of the composition of a population. The study of births, deaths, aging, and migration.

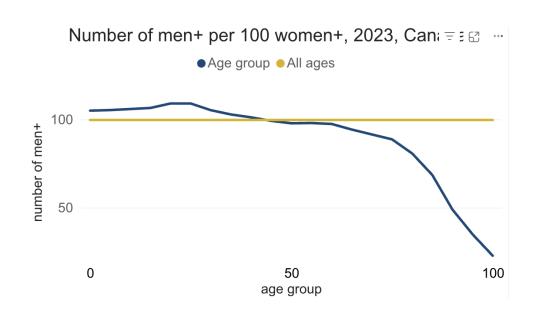
Data from Statistics Canada

Vocabulary words are in purple.

Age and Gender Distribution of Canada in 2023



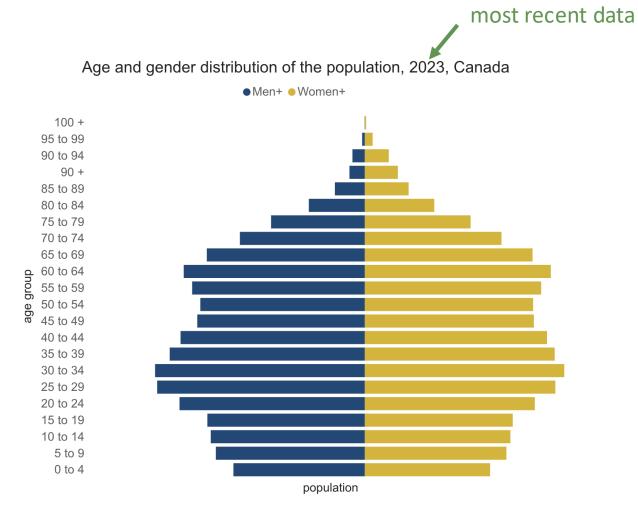
Note: In demography we focus on people who self-report their gender as either men and women this does not mean that other genders do not exist.



Q: What is the most common age to be in Canada? What is the least common age to be?

Q: In Canada, who lives longer, women or men?

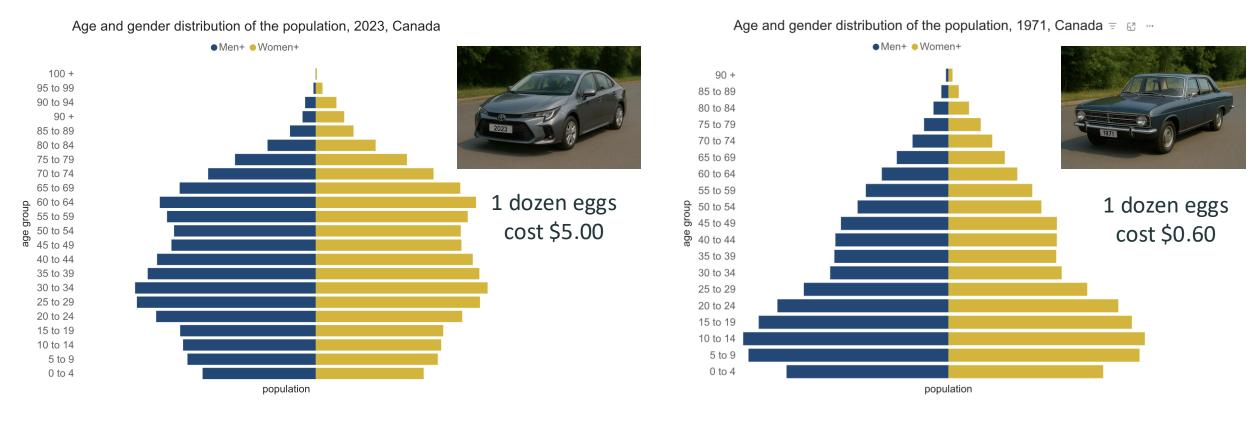
Age and Gender Distribution of Canada in 2023



Note: In demography we focus on people who self-report their gender as either men and women this does not mean that other genders do not exist.

Q: How long do you spend in each age group? What **proportion** of people age-up each year?

Demography in 2023 versus 1971



Q: What is the biggest age group in 1971? Is the Canadian population getting older or younger?

What will the age distribution of Canada look like in 2050?

What do we need to know to answer this question?

- 1) Census: How many people are in each age group now?
- 2) **Fecundity:** How many people give birth each year? And how old are mom's when they give birth?

- 3) **Mortality:** How many people die each year and how old are they when they die?
- 4) **Aging:** What proportion of each age group ages up to the next group each year?

Important:

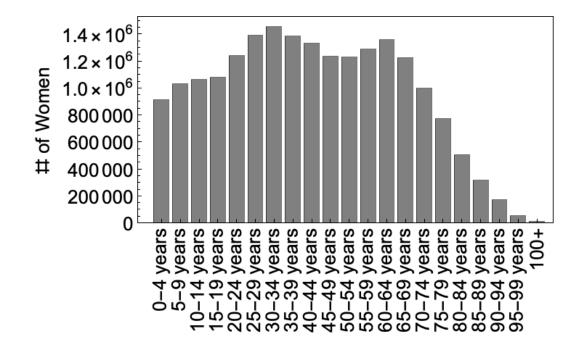
In predicting future demography we focus only on women and mothers as they are the ones who give birth.

The Canadian Census:

ALCOHOLD DESCRIPTION

| REI | F_DATE | Gender | | Age | gr | oup | VALUE | ı |
|-----|--|--|---|---|--|---|--|---|
| | 2023 | Women+ | - (| 0 to | 4 y | years | 914872 | |
| | 2023 | Women+ | į | 5 to | 9 y | years | 1034125 | |
| - 2 | 2023 | Women+ | 14 | 0 to | 14 | years | 1063378 | |
| - 2 | 2023 | Women+ | 13 | 5 to | 19 | years | 1080547 | |
| | 2023 | Women+ | 24 | 0 to | 24 | years | 1241956 | |
| | 2023 | Women+ | 2.5 | 5 to | 29 | years | 1391946 | |
| - 1 | 2023 | Women+ | 34 | 0 to | 34 | years | 1456831 | |
| | 2023 | Women+ | 3.5 | 5 to | 39 | years | 1387063 | |
| | 2023 | Women+ | 44 | 0 to | 44 | years | 1331021 | |
| - 2 | 2023 | Women+ | 4.5 | 5 to | 49 | years | 1234659 | |
| - 2 | 2023 | Women+ | 54 | 0 to | 54 | years | 1229275 | |
| | 2023 | Women+ | 5.5 | 5 to | 59 | years | 1288417 | |
| | 2023 | Women+ | 64 | 0 to | 64 | years | 1358461 | |
| - : | 2023 | Women+ | 6.5 | 5 to | 69 | years | 1 225 282 | |
| - 2 | 2023 | Women+ | 76 | 0 to | 74 | years | 998 233 | |
| | 2023 | Women+ | 7.5 | 5 to | 79 | years | 772 554 | |
| | 2023 | Women+ | 84 | 0 to | 84 | years | 507 257 | |
| - 2 | 2023 | Women+ | 8.5 | 5 to | 89 | years | 319 764 | |
| : | 2023 | Women+ | 94 | 0 to | 94 | years | 174 701 | |
| | 2023 | Women+ | 93 | 5 to | 99 | years | 56801 | |
| . : | 2023 | Women+ | 100 | year | s a | nd older | 9364 | |
| | 2023 2023 2023 2023 2023 2023 2023 2023 | Women+ Women+ Women+ Women+ Women+ Women+ Women+ Women+ Women+ Women+ | 3.3 44 4.5 5.6 6.7 7.8 8.9 9.9 | 5 to to 5 | 39 44 49 54 59 64 69 74 79 84 89 94 | years | 1387063 1331021 1234659 1229275 1288417 1358461 1225282 998233 772554 507257 319764 174701 56801 | |

Q: Use this table to estimate the population size of Canada.



The Canadian Census:

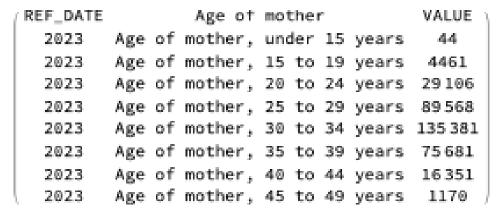
| REF_DATE | Gender | Age group | VALUE |
|----------|--------|------------------|-----------|
| 2023 | Women+ | 0 to 4 years | 914872 |
| 2023 | Women+ | 5 to 9 years | 1 034 125 |
| 2023 | Women+ | 10 to 14 years | s 1063378 |
| 2023 | Women+ | 15 to 19 years | s 1080547 |
| 2023 | Women+ | 20 to 24 years | s 1241956 |
| 2023 | Women+ | 25 to 29 years | s 1391946 |
| 2023 | Women+ | 30 to 34 years | s 1456831 |
| 2023 | Women+ | 35 to 39 years | s 1387063 |
| 2023 | Women+ | 40 to 44 years | s 1331021 |
| 2023 | Women+ | 45 to 49 years | s 1234659 |
| 2023 | Women+ | 50 to 54 years | s 1229275 |
| 2023 | Women+ | 55 to 59 years | s 1288417 |
| 2023 | Women+ | 60 to 64 years | s 1358461 |
| 2023 | Women+ | 65 to 69 years | s 1225282 |
| 2023 | Women+ | 70 to 74 years | s 998 233 |
| 2023 | Women+ | 75 to 79 years | s 772.554 |
| 2023 | Women+ | 80 to 84 years | s 507 257 |
| 2023 | Women+ | 85 to 89 years | s 319 764 |
| 2023 | Women+ | 90 to 94 years | s 174 701 |
| 2023 | Women+ | 95 to 99 years | s 56801 |
| 2023 | Women+ | 100 years and ol | der 9364 |

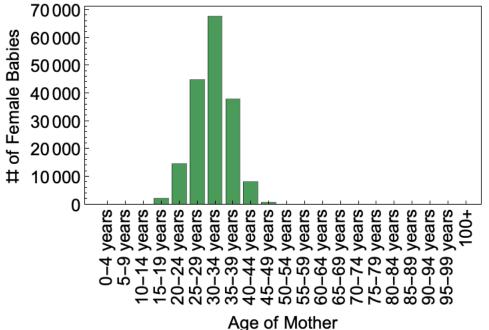
We can express the current population age distribution as a vector.

Here
$$\vec{v}_3 =$$

How big is this vector

Fecundity: the ability to produce a offspring.





Q: How many female babies are born each year?

Q: What is the most common age for a mom to give birth?

REF_DATE Age of mother VALUE Age of mother, under 15 years 2023 Age of mother, 15 to 19 years 2023 4461 Age of mother, 20 to 24 years 2023 29 106 2023 Age of mother, 25 to 29 years 89568 Age of mother, 30 to 34 years 135381 2023 Age of mother, 35 to 39 years 75681 2023 2023 Age of mother, 40 to 44 years 16351 2023 Age of mother, 45 to 49 years 1170

We can express the fecundity as a vector.

Here
$$\vec{f}_3 =$$

Here
$$\vec{f}_5 =$$

Here
$$\vec{f}_{10} =$$

Here
$$\vec{f}_{20} =$$

Let's compare the fecundity in 2023 to the fecundity in 1991.



Q: How many female babies were born each year in 1991?

Q: Are moms getting older or younger over time?

Let's compare the fecundity in 2023 to the fecundity in 1991.



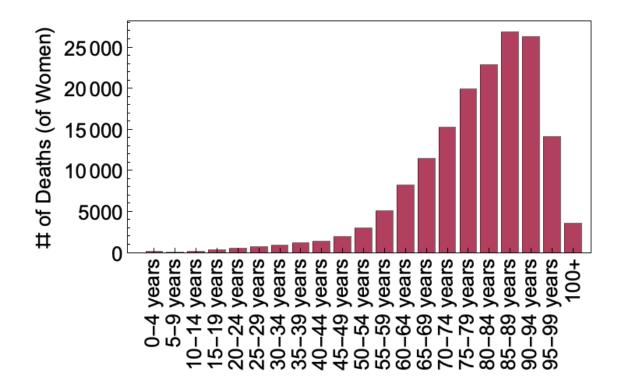
Q: Is the number of babies being born each year increasing or decreasing? Give the answer in the percentage increase/decrease.

Q: What is the most common age for women to die at in Canada?

Mortality:

| REF_DATE | Age group | VALUE \ |
|-----------|---------------------|---------|
| 2023/2024 | 0 to 4 years | 178 |
| 2023/2024 | 5 to 9 years | 75 |
| 2023/2024 | 10 to 14 years | 145 |
| 2023/2024 | 15 to 19 years | 317 |
| 2023/2024 | 20 to 24 years | 503 |
| 2023/2024 | 25 to 29 years | 731 |
| 2023/2024 | 30 to 34 years | 948 |
| 2023/2024 | 35 to 39 years | 1181 |
| 2023/2024 | 40 to 44 years | 1424 |
| 2023/2024 | 45 to 49 years | 1963 |
| 2023/2024 | 50 to 54 years | 3009 |
| 2823/2024 | 55 to 59 years | 5073 |
| 2023/2024 | 60 to 64 years | 8214 |
| 2023/2024 | 65 to 69 years | 11473 |
| 2823/2024 | 70 to 74 years | 15 225 |
| 2023/2024 | 75 to 79 years | 19883 |
| 2023/2024 | 80 to 84 years | 22876 |
| 2823/2024 | 85 to 89 years | 26824 |
| 2023/2024 | 90 to 94 years | 26 249 |
| 2023/2024 | 95 to 99 years | 14 161 |
| 2023/2024 | 100 years and older | 3525 |
| | | |

Q: Why are there fewer deaths of 100-year-olds than there are of 80-year-olds?

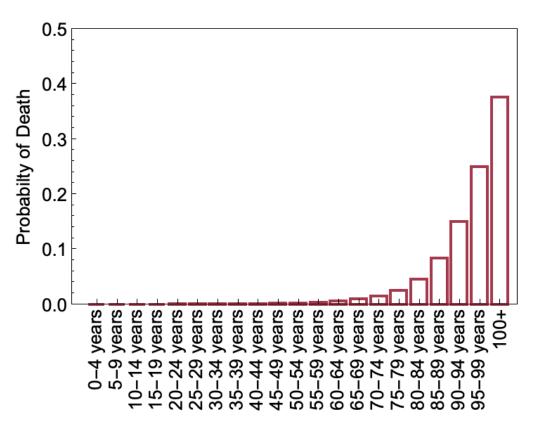


Mortality:

Q: What **proportion** of women over the age of 100 die each year?

Q: If you just turned 100 what is the **probability** that you live to age 101?

Q: If you just turned 100 what is the **probability** that you live to age 102?



Life Expectancy:

Life expectancy = mean age at time of death

An Average:
Suppose I have four numbers:
There average is:

Or using **sigma notation**

A Mean:

Life Expectancy:

Life expectancy = mean age at time of death

We can calculate life expectancy using **vectors**

Example: A **dot product** (of 2 vectors)

Putting it All Together

Q: Draw the demographic dynamics as a flow diagram.

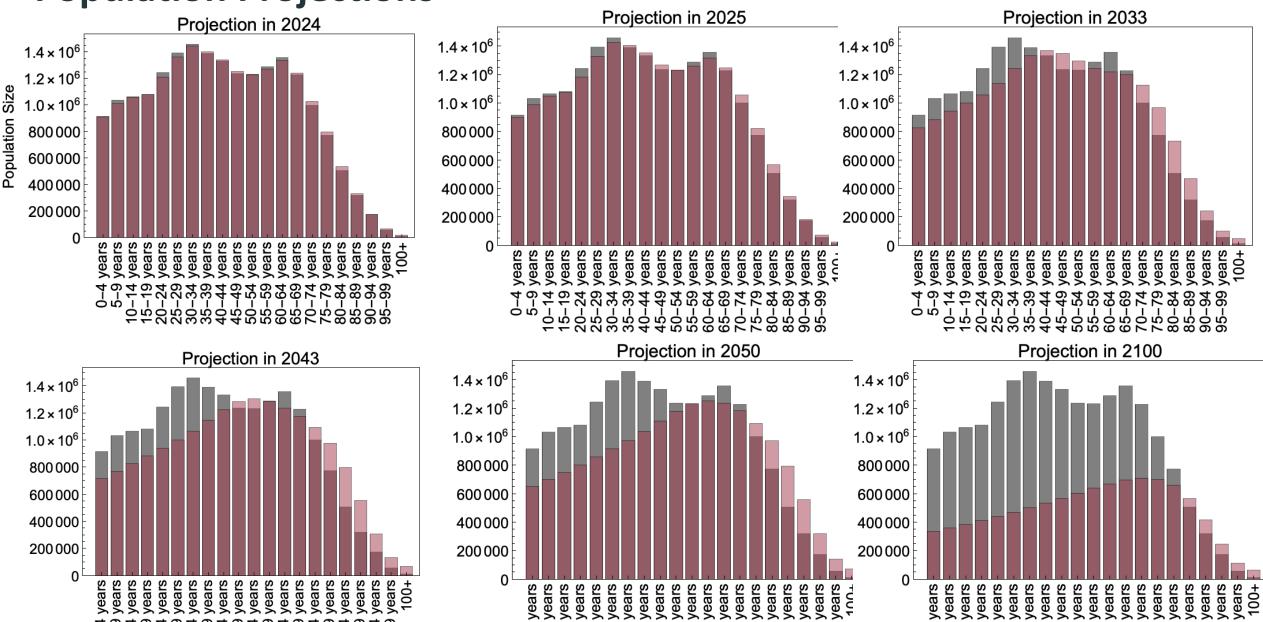
The Leslie Matrix:

The **Leslie matrix** describes:

Matrix-Vector Multiplication

Example: Multiplying a Matrix and a Vector

Population Projections



Exit Survey

- 1. If you were to tell a friend about one thing you learned today, what would it be?
- 2. Is there something that surprised you about the demography of the Canadian population or your own personal demography?
- 3. Is there a question we talked about today that you still don't understand?
- 4. What is one new vocabulary word you learned today and what does it mean?
- 5. What new math skill did you learn today?